D. The Personal Pronoun

I. First Person (I, of me, to me, me, we, of us, to us, us)

Sing.....Plural

Nom equilation $\eta \mu \epsilon \iota \varsigma$

Gen Emou, mou $\eta \mu \omega \nu$

Dat εμοι, μοι ημιν

Acc eme, me $\eta\mu\alpha\varsigma$

2. Second Person (you--sing. and pl.--to you, of you, etc)

Sing.....Plural

Nom $\sigma \upsilon$ $\upsilon \mu \epsilon \iota \varsigma$

Gen $\sigma o \upsilon$ $\upsilon \mu \omega v$

Dat σol $U\mu l V$ *see above word #19, Yehuda 1:2)

Αcc σε υμας

3. Third Person (they, of them, to them, etc)

Note: this is used

as an intensive pronoun. "David HIMSELF said" (Mark 12:36)

...the SAME Spirit (II Cor.4:13).

Singular

Masc Fem Neuter

Nom autos auth auto

Gen autou auths autou

Dat $\alpha \upsilon \tau \omega * (*\omega \text{ with } \iota \text{ subscript})$

 $\alpha \upsilon \tau \eta * (*\eta \text{ with } \iota \text{ subscript})$

 $\alpha\upsilon\tau\omega*$ (* ω with 1 subscript)

Acc auton authn auto

Plural

Masc Fem Neuter

Nom αυτοι αυται αυτα

Gen auton auton auton

Dat autois autais autois

Acc autois autas auta

Yehuda 3

(Yehuda 1:3)) $A\gamma\alpha\pi\eta\tau ol$ (ah-gah-pee-TEE = Beloved ones p1.

[THIS HAS A VOCATIVE PLURAL CASE ENDING; THE VOCATIVE

CASE IS USED WHEN THE NOUN IS THE PERSON ADDRESSED]),

 $\pi \alpha \sigma \alpha \nu$ (PAH-sahn = all) $\sigma \pi \sigma \nu \delta \eta \nu$ (spoo-DEEM = haste, diligence)

 $\pi Olou \mu \epsilon VO \zeta$ (pee-OO-men-ohs = making) $\gamma \rho \alpha \phi \epsilon l V$ (GRAH-feen = to

write) ($\mathcal{U}\mu\mathcal{I}\mathcal{V}$ (ee-MEEN = you p1.) $\pi\mathcal{E}\rho\mathcal{I}$ (peh-REE = concerning)

 $\tau\eta\zeta$ (tees = the) KO1V $\eta\zeta$ (kee-NEES = common) $\eta\mu\omega\nu$ (ee-MOHN

= of us) $\sigma \omega \tau \eta \rho \iota \alpha \zeta$ (soh-tee-REE-ahs = salvation, i.e. yeshuat Elokeinu)

The first thing you need to do is to go back and review the Greek Alphabet

at C. until you can figure out all the transliteration above, and can read

this verse through correctly, with Modern Greek pronounciation.

Find a native Greek-speaker and let him or her read aloud to you

or even make you a tape reading the book of Yehudah.

We are also going to give you the same Yehuda material in

Yiddish, Hebrew, Russian, French, Spanish, and Ladino

(all the major languages

spoken by the Jewish people throughout the world).