#9. Here are some of the Greek case endings:

A. Some nominative singular endings: -
$$\alpha$$
 - η - $\alpha\zeta$ - $\eta\zeta$ - $o\zeta$ - ov - cv

Some nominative plural endings: -
$$\alpha 1$$
 - α - $\epsilon \zeta$

Some genitive singular endings: -
$$\alpha\varsigma$$
 - $\eta\varsigma$ - $o\upsilon$ - $o\varsigma$ - $\epsilon\omega\varsigma$

Some genitive plural endings: -
$$\omega v$$

Some dative singular endings: - α with a 1 subscript - η with a 1 subscript

-
$$\omega$$
 with a 1 subscript - 1

Some dative plural endings: - $\alpha\iota\varsigma$ - $\sigma\iota(v)$

Some accusative singular endings: -
$$\alpha\nu$$
 - $\eta\nu$ - $o\nu$ - α - ς

Some accusative plural endings: - $\alpha\varsigma$ - $ou\varsigma$ - α - $\alpha\varsigma$ - $\epsilon\iota\varsigma$

Some vocative endings (see how Yehuda uses the vocative when he called the

believers "Beloved": often the same as the nominative but

sometimes just - $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ is added to the noun stem